



A study on relationship between mother-child and children's rhythmicity interactions

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ARTICLE INFO :

Received : 23.10.2019
Revised : 09.11.2019
Accepted : 26.11.2019

KEY WORDS :

Temperament, Emotions, Sociability, Warmth, Tolerance, Affection, Encouragement

HOW TO CITE THIS ARTICLE :

Devi, Reetu and Dhanda, Bimla (2019). A study on relationship between mother - child and children's rhythmicity interactions. *Adv. Res. J. Soc. Sci.*, **10** (2) : 66-69, DOI: 10.15740/HAS/ARJSS/10.2/66-69. Copyright©2019 : Hind Agri-Horticultural Society

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ABSTRACT

Temperament is an individual's innate style of responding to the environment in both behavioural and emotional ways. Hisar district of Haryana state was selected for the present study. From Hisar district village Dobhi was selected purposively. 50 boys and 50 girls in the age group of 6 to 8 years were selected randomly from village Dobhi. Mothers of these children also participated in the study. Hence, the total sample for the study was 200 (50 boys and 50 girls and 100 mothers). There were two types of variables in the study *i.e.* independent and dependent variable. A dependent variable is a variable presumed to be affected by one or more independent variables. Mother-child Interaction was taken as dependent variable. Inventory was prepared and used. Result revealed that Children's rhythmicity was positively and significantly correlated with maternal responsiveness (0.23*) and teaching (0.18*). A positive trend was observed for maternal affection and encouragement.