

DOI: 10.15740/HAS/IJPS/16.2/165-169 Visit us - www.researchjournal.co.in

Research Article

Efficacy of new formulations of flocoumafen and difenacoum against lesser bandicoot rat, *Bandicota bengalensis* (Gray) in *Rabi* rice

Ch. V. Narasimha Rao and B. Anusha

SUMMARY

Employing poison baiting by using rodenticides is the most preferred choice of rodent control in field crops as well as orchard crops. The lesser bandicoot rat, *Bandicota bengalensis* (Gray) is the most important rodent species infesting rice and other field crops. In order to contain the rat population, second generation anticoagulants, flocoumafen and difenacoum in the form of cake formulations were evaluated against *B. bengalensis* in *rabi* rice crop in Andhra Pradesh. Both the rodenticides including bromadiolone has recorded significant percent reduction of lesser bandicoot rat @ 0.005% concentration after every pulse. Overall efficacy after analyzing pooled data of two pulses in *rabi* season, flocoumafen 0.005% Mini bait block @ 8 g bait blocks /burrow achieved 82.23 per cent CS on LBC/ha basis and 78.77 per cent CS on tiller basis followed by 74.08 per cent on LBC/ha basis and 69.36 per cent on tiller basis in case of Difenacoum 0.005% Mini bait block @ 8 g/burrow which is significantly superior over Bromadiolone. Flocoumafen rodenticide found highly effective and significantly superior in containing the live burrow counts and tiller damage caused by *B. bengalensis* in rice.

Key Words : Flocoumafen, Difenacoum, Bromadiolone, Bandicota bengalensis, Rice

How to cite this article : Narasimha Rao, Ch. V. and Anusha, B. (2021). Efficacy of new formulations of flocoumafen and difenacoum against lesser bandicoot rat, *Bandicota bengalensis* (Gray) in *Rabi* rice. *Internat. J. Plant Sci.*, **16** (2): 165-169, DOI: 10.15740/HAS/IJPS/16.2/165-169, Copyright@ 2021: Hind Agri-Horticultural Society.

Article chronicle : Received : 21.04.2021; Revised : 05.05.2021; Accepted : 08.06.2021

MEMBERS OF THE RESEARCH FORUM

Author to be contacted : Ch. V. Narasimha Rao, D.A.A.T.T. Centre, Rajamahendravaram, East Godavari (A.P.) India Email : chvnraoent@gmail.com

Address of the Co-authors: B. Anusha, Department of Entomology, Agricultural College, Rajamahendravaram, East Godavari (A.P.) India Restance by causing extensive damage to field crops and structural damage in residential premises, besides transmitting several dreaded zoonotic diseases among humans and their animals. In India, among the pest rodent species, The lesser bandicoot rat, *Bandicota bengalensis* (Gray) is a predominant and more challenging in rice ecosystem. These rodents often inflict 10-15% tiller damage in rice