International Journal of Agricultural Sciences Volume **20** | Issue 1 | January, 2024 | 297-300

ISSN: 0973-130X

RESEARCH PAPER

Perception of rural youth towards agriculture as an occupation

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Abstract: The present investigation is conducted in Marathwada region of the Maharashtra state during 2022-2023 with the objective to study "Perception of rural youth towards agriculture as an occupation". One districts namely Beed was selected randomly from Marathwada region. Three talukas from Beed district and five villages from each talukas were selected randomly for the study. From each selected village, ten rural youth were selected randomly who was able to express their views on agriculture as an occupation, which comprising total sample of 150 respondents were considered for the study. An Ex-post-facto research design was followed for the study. Data was gathered using a well-structured interview schedule created with the study's objectives in mind. The collected data was analysed, classified and tabulated. Statistical tools such as frequency, percentage, mean, standard deviation, and co-efficient correlation were used to interpret findings and draw conclusions. The findings shows that detailed analysis of dependent variable indicated that majority of rural youth had medium level (72.00%) of perception towards agriculture as an occupation followed by low (16.67%) and high (11.33%).

Key Words : Rural youth towards agriculture

View Point Article: Kshirsagar, S. S. and Kadam, R. P. (2023). Perception of rural youth towards agriculture as an occupation. Internat. J. agric. Sci., 20 (1): 297-300, DOI:10.15740/HAS/IJAS/20.1/297-300. Copyright@2024: Hind Agri-Horticultural Society.

Article History : Received : 13.10.2023; Revised : 13.11.2023; Accepted : 15.12.2023

INTRODUCTION

The most influential demographic in a nation is its youth. The future's hopes rest with today's youngsters. They serve as the foundation of the nation. The type of adolescents living in rural regions has a significant impact on the socio-economic growth and prosperity of those areas since they are better equipped to self-direct themselves to follow the development process' main stream. They serve as a reflection of a country's potential and as its life force. Thus, the growth of the youth dictates the growth of the community and the nation.

The goal of the current inquiry is to gauge rural youth perceptions of agriculture as a profession. If correctly utilized, the enormous potential of rural youth can be greatly beneficial for the development of agriculture. It is crucial to involve rural adolescents in agriculture, to promote in them a positive perception of agriculture. Additionally, the study will show the relationship of personal and socio-psychological characteristics of rural youth with perception. The adoption of any innovation dependsupon the perception and investment capacity of an individual. It has been accepted that he perception of an individual plays a

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pivotal role in influencing youth's behavior. Hence, the perception of rural youth in India towards modern agriculture will most certainly have bearing on the future of agricultural development in this country. Finally, an effort has been made to pinpoint the constraints each rural youth faces in choosing agriculture as a career. The policy makers would therefore be better equipped to plan and design agricultural development strategies so that the potential of rural youth could be utilized in a more productive and effective way.

Objectives :

- To study profile of rural youth.

- To measure perception of rural youth towards agriculture as an occupation.

MATERIAL AND METHODS

The present study was undertaken in Marathwada region in the Maharashtra State. The research study was carried out in Beed district of Marathwada region in Maharashtra State. Out of 11 Talukas in Beed district, 3 Talukas namely Ashti, Patoda and Shirur (kasar) were randomly selected for the study. From each selected taluka, five villages with highest youth population were purposively selected for the study. Thus, a total of fifteen villages were selected for study. From each of selected villages, 10 rural youth (15-35 yrs. age group) were selected randomly who was able to express their views on agriculture as an occupation, which comprising total sample of 150 respondents. An ex-post-facto research design was followed to achieve the objectives of the study as the variables have already occurred. The interview schedule was constructed by formulating relevant questions in accordance with the study objectives. The schedule was divided into two parts. The questions related to personal, socio-economic, situational and psychological characteristics of respondents were included in first part. The questions related to the perception of rural youth in second part. The collected data was analysed, classified and tabulated. Statistical tool such as frequency, percentage, mean, standard deviation and co-efficient correlation were used to interpret findings and draw conclusions.

Majority (72.00%) of rural youth had medium level of perception to wards agriculture as an occupation, followed by the rest with low (16.67%) and low (11.33%) levels of perception.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The detailed analysis of profile characteristics of rural youth indicated that majority of them had secondary high school (35.33%) education, having small land holdings (35.33 %), medium annual income (60.00%), medium size families (57.33%), belonging to joint families (62.00%), engaged in Agriculture + Animal husbandry occupation (32.67%), had medium extension contact (55.33%), low level of social participation (42.00%), medium level of mass media exposure (56.00%), medium level of economic motivation (56.67%), medium level of risk orientation (45.33%) and medium level of innovativeness (59.33%). The findings shows that detailed analysis of dependent variable indicated that majority of rural youth had medium level (72.00%) of perception towards agriculture as an occupation followed by low (16.67%) and high (11.33%).

According to overall perception analysis, it was found that majority (72.00%) of rural youth had medium level of perception to wards agriculture as an occupation, followed by the rest with low (16.67%) and low (11.33%)levelsof perception.The reason might be due to respondents tend to stick to the same old ways of cultivating their crops with indigenous varieties, leading to a lack of change and innovation. Additionally, small to medium-sized landholdings, average innovativeness, limited scientific knowledge, and little exposure to mass media and extension services are also contributing factors.

Conclusion:

It was observed from the relevant findings that the majority of the respondents had moderately favourable perception towards agriculture as an occupation, so it is essential to take efforts on improving their perception towards agriculture as an occupation. The study revealed that rural youth have medium level of perception towards agriculture as an occupation. The research study helped the rural youth in understanding importance of agriculture and agriculture related allied business as their source of occupation. We can motivate the rural youth to select agriculture as an occupation by creating awareness, providing educational facilities ,etc. Finally this will help to the agriculture sector's growth and sustainability, assuring a successful and bright future for both youth and the nation's society.

Sr.	1 : Content analysis of per caption of rural yout Statement	SA A			UD		DA		SDA		
No.		No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
1.	Extension researchers should impart	116	77.33	10	06.67	09	06.00	09	06.00	06	04.00
	knowledge of advanced technologies										
	feasible at farm level to the youth for										
	agriculture										
2.	Government should make efforts to impart	112	74.67	08	05.33	13	08.67	09	06.00	08	05.3
	good knowledge about agriculture										
	and allied business										
3.	There is a need to provide credit facilities to	99	66.00	21	14.00	13	08.67	08	05.33	09	06.0
	the youth in the agricultural sector through										
	micro finance and rural commercial Banks										
4.	Farming is for the older and uneducated	13	08.67	14	09.33	14	09.33	109	72.67	00	00
	members of society	10	00107		07.00		07.00	105	, 210,	00	00
5.	Farming is a low-level career.	12	08.00	16	10.67	18	12.00	55	36.67	49	32.6
6.	Rural youth clubs are essential for rural	40	26.67	83	55.33	21	14.00	04	02.67	02	01.3
0.	conditions and agriculture		20107	00	00.00		1 1100	0.	02107		0110
7.	Agriculture as occupation regarded as source	66	44.00	61	40.67	10	06.67	08	05.33	05	03.3
	of employment by unemployed	00	11.00	01	10.07	10	00.07	00	00.00	05	00.0
8.	Agriculture as an occupation disrupts family	04	02.67	15	10.00	22	14.67	68	45.33	41	27.3
	life	04	02.07	15	10.00	22	14.07	00	-15.55	71	27.5
9.	Agriculture is an occupation that fits only for	12	08.00	09	06.00	15	10.00	31	20.67	83	55.3
	illiterates	12	00.00	0)	00.00	15	10.00	51	20.07	05	55.5.
10.	Agriculture as an occupation helps in	39	26.00	63	42.00	20	13.33	23	15.33	05	03.3
	economic upliftment	57	20.00	05	42.00	20	15.55	25	15.55	05	05.5
11.	Agriculture is a profitable occupation	63	42.00	65	43.33	16	10.67	03	02.00	03	02.00
12.	Agriculture as an occupation has more	135	42.00 90.00	12	08.00	03	02.00	02	02.00	01	0.67
12.	influence on the overall development of	155	90.00	12	08.00	05	02.00	02	01.55	01	0.07
	community										
10	Agriculture as an occupation helps in	59	39.33	68	45.33	13	08.67	08	05.33	02	01.3
13.	upgrading one's livelihood	39	39.33	08	43.55	15	08.07	08	05.55	02	01.5.
14		(0	46.00	(0	45.22	10	06.67	02	02.00	00	00
14.	Agriculture as an occupation provides	69	46.00	68	45.33	10	06.67	03	02.00	00	00
	enough opportunity for career development	22	22.00	41	27.22	42	20.00	21	20 (7	02	02.0
15.	Agriculture is an occupation with reduced	33	22.00	41	27.33	42	28.00	31	20.67	03	02.00
	employability due to modernization	101	00 (7	17	11.22	07	04.67	0.2	01.00	0.2	0.0
16.	Agriculture as an occupation requires timely	121	80.67	17	11.33	07	04.67	02	01.33	03	02.0
	operations and usage of required agricultural										
17.	inputs to optimum out put										
	Agriculture is an occupation with scope to	145	96.67	02	01.33	01	0.67	01	0.67	01	0.67
	enhance subsidiary agro entrepreneurial										
	activities										
18.	Employment can be increased by using	145	96.67	01	0.67	02	01.33	01	0.67	01	0.67
	improved farming practices										
19.	Agriculture is not a traditional occupation	146	97.33	03	02.00	01	0.67	00	00	00	00
	rather it is a scientific activity			_		-	-	-	Table 2 : C	_	

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Table 2	: Contd										-
20.	Appropriate skill training will improve the	146	97.33	01	0.67	01	0.67	01	0.67	01	0.67
	participation of youth in agriculture										
21.	Agriculture is an occupation that helps in	148	98.67	01	0.67	01	0.67	00	00	00	00
	promoting food security										
22.	Agriculture as a business improves the	143	95.33	03	02.00	02	01.33	01	0.67	01	0.67
	economic status of farmers										
23.	Water resources are very much needed to	148	98.67	01	0.67	00	00	00	00	01	0.67
	increase agricultural production										
24.	I am proud of being a member of an agriculture	147	98.00	00	00	00	00	02	01.33	01	0.67
	family										
25.	Agriculture is an occupation that can only be	60	40.00	73	48.67	11	07.33	04	02.67	02	01.33
	carried with passion										
26.	Agriculture as a business improves the	54	36.00	61	40.67	07	04.67	22	14.67	06	04.00
	economic status of farmers										
27.	Agriculture as an occupation can't be	55	36.67	75	50.00	15	10.00	05	03.33	00	00
	considered as a career due to lack of										
	developmental opportunities										
28.	Agriculture as an occupation that doesn't bring	58	38.67	70	46.67	10	06.67	12	08.00	00	00
	daily income like other professions										
29.	Agriculture is the only occupation that	27	18.00	24	16.00	17	11.33	62	41.33	20	13.33
	guarantees physical health and mental Peace										
30.	Agriculture as an occupation is noble and	82	54.67	41	27.33	16	10.67	06	04.00	05	03.33
	prestigious profession										-

Sr.No.	Perception level	Frequency	Per cent
1.	Low (upto 119.10)	25	16.67
2.	Medium (119.11-126.23)	108	72.00
3.	High(126.24 and above)	17	11.33
	Total:	150	100.00

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