Studies on avian cestode genus *Cotugnia* Diamare, 1893 (Cestoda: Davaineidae, Fuhrmann, 1907) from *Gallus Gallus domosticus*

SANJAY SHAMRAO NANWARE AND DHANRAJ BALBHIM BHURE

Department of Zoology, Yeshwant Mahavidyalaya, NANDED (M.S.) INDIA

Email: snanware@rediffmail.com; drajbhure82@gmail.com

The present investigation deals with a new species of the genus *Cotugnia*, Diamare 1893 from the intestine of *Gallus gallus domesticus*, from Nanded (M.S.) of India. The new species *Cotugnia diamarei* Sp.Nov. comes closer to all known species of the genus *Cotugnia* in general topography of organ but differs due to scolex large, quadrangular, suckers four, oval to rounded, arranged in four corners, rostellum oval, large, placed in anterior region of scolex and having rostellar ring, rostellar hooks 53-55 in numbers, 'V' shaped, arranged in a single circle, neck short, mature progloltids three times broader than long, testes 62 in numbers, oval to rounded, postovarian, cirrus pouch cylindrical, cirrus short, curved tube contained within cirrus pouch, vas deferens thin, curved, vagina posterior to cirrus pouch and ovary bilobed.

Key words: Cestoda, Cotugnia diamarei Sp.Nov., Davaineidae, Gallus gallus domesticus.

How to cite this paper: Nanware, Sanjay Shamrao and Bhure, Dhanraj Balbhim (2013). Studies on avian cestode genus Cotugnia Diamare, 1893 (Cestoda: Davaineidae, Fuhrmann, 1907) from Gallus Gallus domosticus. Asian J. Bio. Sci., 8 (1): 120-128.

Introduction

Birds are important components of ecosystem. They are important from the ecological and economical point of view. Man uses many birds as delicious and nutritious food. Similarly birds also produce some important products like meat, eggs and beautiful feathers. The infections of cestode parasites are found in birds. There are no estimates of population suffering from cestode infection but infections are very common in people who are eating poorly cooked or uncooked meat, unhygienic habitats and poor sanitation. Infection leads to anemia. Parasitic diseases are the major public health problem of tropical countries including India. They infect man and also invade domestic birds and wildlife. Although the morbidity and mortality due to such infection is not alarming they adversely affect the general health, physical and mental health, growth of children and productivity of an adult.

Genus *Cotugnia* was erected by Diamare, 1893 with type species *C.digonopora* (Pasqule, 1890) collected from domestic fowl. So far the following species of the avian cestode Genus *Cotugina* are reported.

- C. digonopora (Pasquale, 1890), Diamare, 1893.
- *C.polyacantha*, Fuhrmann, 1909.
- C. cuneatea tenuis, Meggitt, 1924.
- *C. joyeuxi*, Baer, 1925.

- *C. parva*, Baer, 1925.
- C. fleari, Meggitt, 1927.
- C. bahli, Johri, 1934.
- C. intermedia, Johri, 1934.
- *C. noctua*, Johri, 1934.
- C. taiwanensis, Yamaguti, 1935.
- C. rimandoi, Tubangui et Masilungan, 1937.
- C. magna, Burt, 1940.
- C. aurangabadensis, Shinde, 1969.
- C. columbae Shinde, 1969.
- C. srivastavi, Malviya and Datta, 1970.
- C. magdoubii Magzoubi and Kasim, 1980.
- C. satpulensis, Malhotra and Capoor, 1983.
- C. yamagutii Shinde, 1985.
- C. vishakhapatnamensis, Kolluri, 1988.
- C. rajivji, Jadhav et al., 1994.
- C. kamatiensis, Kharade and Shinde, 1995.
- C. chengmaii, C. Wongsawad and Jadhav 1998.
- C. manishae, Shinde, 1999.
- C. ganguae, Shinde, 1999.
- C. mehdii, Mahajan et al., 1999.
- *C. alii*, Shinde *et al.*, 2002.
- C. sillodensis, Jadhav et al., 2003.
- *C. singhi*, Pawar *et al.*, 2004.
- C. lohaensis, Jadhav et al., 2004.

- C.shankari, Tat and Jadhav 2005.
- C. liviae, Patil et al., 2005.
- C.streptopelii, G.P. Jadhav et al., 2009.
- C. hafezzi Nanware et al., 2010
- C. indiana Kasar et al., 2010
- C.indiana minor Garad et al., 2010
- C. tetragona Nanware et al., 2011
- C.orientalis Nanware et al., 2011

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

During survey of cestode parasites of birds from Nanded district, (M.S.) India, Eleven cestode parasites were recovered from the intestine of *Gallus gallus domesticus* during March, 2012-May, 2012. These worms were preserved in hot 4 per cent formalin. The parasites were washed thoroughly for several times under running tap water, stained with borax carmine, dehydrated in ascending grades of alcohol, cleared in xylene, mounted in Canada Balsm. Camera lucida drawings were prepared by research microscope. All the measurements are recorded in millimeter.

RESEARCH FINDINGS AND ANALYSIS

The findings of the study have been discussed in detail as under:

(Description based on eleven alike specimens) (*Cotugnia Diamarei* Sp. Nov. Fig. 1)

All cestode were about 23 millimeter long, creamy whitish in colour having scolex, neck, immature and mature proglottids. The Scolex is large, quadrangular and measures 0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm in length and breadth. Rostellum medium, oval in shape and measures 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm in length and breadth. Rostellum armed with a single circle rostellar hook, 53-55 in numbers and measures 0.033-0.038 x 0.003-0.007 mm in length and breadth. Scolex bears four suckers, which is large, oval to rounded in shape, muscular, lie at four

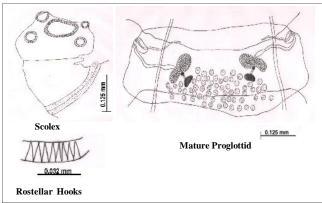


Fig. 1 : The chromosomes number of Psoralea corylifolia (2n=22)

corners and measures 0.165-0.192mm in diameter. The scolex is followed by neck, which is short and measures 0.47-0.83 x 0.82-0.91 mm in length and breadth.

Mature proglottids three times broader than long, with a double set of reproductive organs and measures $0.82\text{-}0.98 \times 2.12\text{-}2.71$ mm in length and breadth. Testes oval to rounded in shape, arranged in single field, 62 in numbers and measures 0.055-0.061 mm in diameter. Cirrus pouch long, elongated, cylindrical, curved and measures $0.283\text{-}0.289 \times 0.03\text{-}0.09$ mm in length and breadth. Cirrus thin, curved and measures $0.21\text{-}0.25 \times 0.008\text{-}0.012$ mm in length and breadth, and forms vas deferens, which is thin, long, curved and measures 0.523×0.007 mm in length and breadth. Cirrus and vagina opens from common genital pores, which is small, oval to rounded, bilateral, marginally placed and measures $0.062\text{-}0.065 \times 0.024\text{-}0.027$ mm in length and breadth.

Vagina thin tube, opens from genital pores, posterior to cirrus pouch and measures $0.057\text{-}0.059 \times 0.01\text{-}0.03$ mm in length and breadth, and forms receptaculum seminis which is thin, sac like, fusiform and reaches to ootype and measures $0.14\text{-}0.16 \times 0.052\text{-}0.054$ mm in length and breadth. The ootype is small, oval to round in shape, post ovarian and measures $0.134\text{-}0.138 \times 0.05\text{-}0.07$ mm in length and breadth. The ovary bilobed and measures $0.371\text{-}0.374 \times 0.09\text{-}0.14$ mm in length and breadth. Vitelline gland is compact, oval in shape, post-ovarian. Longitudinal excretory canals present on either side of the segment, long, tubular.

The genus *Cotugnia* was established by Diamare (1893), with its type species C.diagnopora (Pasquale, 1890), subsequently following thirty seven species are known so far viz., C.digonopora (Pasquale, 1890) Diamare, 1893; C.polyacantha Fuhrmann, 1909; C.cuneatea tenuis Meggitt, 1924; C.joyeuxi Baer, 1925; C.parva Baer, 1925; C.fleari Meggitt, 1927; C.bahli Johri, 1934; C.intermedia Johri, 1934; C. noctua Johri, 1934; C.taiwanesis, Yamaguti, 1935; C.rimandoi Tubangui et al. Masilungam, 1937; C.magna Burt, 1940; C.aurangabadensis Shinde, 1969; C.columbae, Shinde 1969; C.srivastavi Malviya and Datta, 1970; C.magdoubii Magzoubi and Kasim, 1980; C. satpulensis Malhotra and Capoor, 1983; C. yamagutii Shinde, 1985; C. vishakhapatnamensis Kolluri, 1988; C.rajivji Jadhav et al., 1994; C. kamatensis Kharade and Shinde, 1995; C.chengmaii C. Wongsawad and Jadhav, 1988; *C.manishae* Shinde, 1999; C. ganguae Shinde, 1999, C.mehdii Mahajan et al., 1999, C.alii Shinde et al., 2002; C. sillodensis Jadhav et al., 2004; C. singhi Pawar et al., 2004; C. lohaensis Jadhav et al., 2004; C.shankari Tat and Jadhav 2005; C. liviae Patil et al., 2005; C. streptopelii G.P. Jadhav et al., 2009. C. hafezzi Nanware et al., 2010 ;C. indiana Kasar et al., 2010; C.indiana minor Garad et al., 2010, C. tetragona Nanware et al., 2011, C.orientalis Nanware et al. (2011).

The Cotugnia diamarei Sp. Nov. under discussion is

		Morphometric chara	acteristics of ar	Morphomeric characteristics of avian tapeworm Courgnia species known so lar from the world	gnia species k	nown so far	from the wor	rld	
Lapeworth Cotuguia species from	Sc	Scolex		Rostellum			Other organs	ans	Host species
avian nost	Shape	Size (mm)	Shape	Size(mm)	Hooks	Testes	Ovary	Cirrus pouch	
Cotugnia diamarei sp. Nov.	Quadrangular	0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04	Oval, large, armed	0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46	53-55	63	Bilobed	0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09	Gallus gellus domesticus
C. digonopora, Pasquale, 1890, D.amare 1893	Large	1.5 in diameter	Retractile, armed	0.15 in diameter	Numerous	100-150	i	0.30	Fow1
C. polyacentha, Fuhrmann, 1909		0.45		0.22	420	100		0.180	Columba tur'ur
C. cuneata, Meggitt, 1924	Rounded	0.26	Rounded	0.12	400	50	:	ı	Columba livia
C. joyeuxi Baer, 1925		29.0		61.0	250	30-50		0.075	Turtur sengalensis
C. parva, 3aer, 1925		0.49-068 x 0.69-0.85		0.15	378-396	32-41		0.196-0.106	Columba livia
C. fleari, Meggitt, 1927		0.45-0.58				28-44		0.29-0.31	Columba livia
C. bahli, Johri, 1934		0.50		0.34	332	69-74		0.215-0.223	Gallus domesticus
C. intermedia, John, 1934		0.44-0.52				69-74		0.215-0.225	Gallus intermedia
C. noctua, Johri, 1934		0.51		0.22		170-182		0.176-0.200	Columba internedia
C. tiawanensis, Yamaguti, 1935		0.54-0.74		0.44	200	12-13			Columba livia
C. rimondəi, Tubangui and Masilungan, 1937					300	100-136			Columba livia
C. magna, Burt, 1940		0.58-0.62		0.28-0.31	480-500	150		0.238-0.270	Columba livia
C. aurangabadensis, Shinde, 1569	Broad	0.48	Flat	0.300	500, in two rows	80-90	Compact	1.30 1.04	Columba livia
C. columbae, Shinde, 1969	Wide	0.54-0.74		0.447	1200	12-14	Bilobed	0.3	Columba livia
C. srivastovi, Malviya and Dutta, 1970		0.72		0.446		80-85			Columba livia
<i>C. magdoubii</i> ,Magzoubi ard Kasim, 1980		0.44-0.55		0.25-0.44				0.15-0.18	Columba livia
C. satpulensis, Malhotra ard Capoor, 1983	Small	0.535		0.230	(337)248- 384	43-52	Bilobed	0.190-0.283	Columba livia domestica and Columba livia invermedia
C. yamagutii, Shirde et al., 1985	Globular	0.51-0.60	Rounded	0.26-0.27	200	190-200	Bilobed	0.005-0.132 x 0.044-0.197	Columba livia
Cvishakhapatnamensis Kelluri, R. Laxmi and Rao, 1988		28-3 x 0.336- 1.056							
									Taklal

١	3		3
	ì	3	
,	Ş		
٩	•		
۰			
	5	1	

C. rajivji, Jadhav et al., 1994	Oval	0.62-1006		0.37-0.44	350-400	59-09	Bilobed	0.280-0.282	Gallus gallus domesticus
C. kamatiensis, Kharade ard Shinde, 1995	Squarish	0.84-1.00 x 0.917-1.099	Small, oval	0.068 x 0.152	200-210	95-105	Bilobed	0.05-0.06	Gallus gallus domesticus
C. chengmaii, C. Wongsawad and Jadhav, 1998	Quadrangular	0.58 x 0.738	Spinose	0.194 x 0.249	Numerous	30-35	Bilobed	0.32 x 0.043	Gallus gallus domesticus
C. manishae, Shinde et al., 1999		3.462 x 0.485		0.220 x 0.227	110-120	85-93	Oval	0.083- 0.121 x 0.030- 0.038	Colemba liva
C. ganguae, Shinde et al., 1999	Squarish	0.529 x 0.636	Oval	0.189 x 0.216	275-300	155-150	Bilobed	0.260	Corvus spiendens
C. mehdii,Mahajar. et al., 1999		0.985 x 1.516		0.129 x 0.182	110	140-150	1	0.530	Gallus domesticus
C. alii, Shinde et a'.,2002	ı	0.450-0.456 x 0.639-0.657	1	0.279 x 0.436- 0.315	100-110	80-85	ı	0.241-0.191 x 0.029-0.024	Columba livia
C. sillodensis, Jadhav et al., 2003	Quadrangular	0.851-1.192 x 1.192-1.395	Ovel	0.170-0.281	220-250	ŀ	Irregular	0.067- 0.092 x 0.035	Gallus domesticus
C. singhi, Pawar et al., 2004		0.363 x 0.436		0.154 x 0.255	200-210	62-20	Bilobed, H shaped	0.229 x 0.159	Columba livia
C. Iohaensis, Jadhav et al., 2004	Oval	0.590-0.660 x 0.741-0.757	Oval	0.227 x 0.242	190-210	28-30	Bilobed	0.086-0.097 x 0.004-0.009	Colemba liva
C. shankari, Tat and Jadhav, 2005	Quadrangular	0.947-1.000 x 0.955-1.175		0.049-0.92 x 0.182-0.213	105-205	27-40	Bilobed	0.098 x 0.050	Columba livia
C. liviae, Patil et al., 2005	Oval	0.369 x 0.359		0.175×0.097	250-270	120-125		0.225×0.068	Colemba livia
Cstreptopelia, G.P. Jaihav, et al., 2009	Quadrangular	8.04 x 9.82		2.58 x 1.96	Numerous	27-30	Bilobed	0.89 x 0.71	Streptopelia decacto
C. hafeezi, Nanware et al., 2010	Quadrangular	1.245 x 1.086	Oval	0.317 x 0.392	92-96	150-150	Butterfly shaped	0.23 x 0.11	Gallus gallus domesticus
C. indiana, Kasar et al., 2010	Squarish	0.584 x 0.548	Oval	0.195×0.230	100-120	1.5-120	Bilobed	0.189×0.079	Colemba livia
C. indiana minor, Garad et al., 2010	Squarish	0.606 x 0.681	Large, Oval, armed	0.265 x 0.492	400-415	70-75	Bilobed	0.072 x 0.029	Colemba liva
C. tetragona, Nanware et al., 2011	Tetragonal	0.927×0.773	Oval	0.280 x 0.450	120-130	02-09	Bilobed	0.185 x 0.090	Columba livia
C. orientalis, Nanware et al., 2011	Oval Quadrangular	1.26 x 0.92	Oval, cylindrical	0.22 x 0.63	115-125	45-50	Bilobed, W'shaped	0.168 x 0.128	Gallus gallus domesticus

characterized by having to scolex large, oval, suckers four, oval to rounded, arranged in four corners, rostellum oval, large, placed in anterior region of scolex and having rostellar ring, rostellar hooks 53-55 in numbers, 'V' shaped, arranged in a single circle, neck short, mature progloltids three times broader than long, testes 62 in numbers, oval to rounded, postovarian, cirrus pouch cylindrical, cirrus short, curved tube contained within cirrus pouch, vas deferens thin, curved, vagina posterior to cirrus pouch, and ovary bilobed.

- The present form comes closer to all reported above mentioned species in general topography of organs, but differs from *C.digonopora* Pasquale 1890, Diamare, 1893 in the size of scolex (0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 1.5), size of rostellum 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs 1.5, rostellar hooks (53-55Vs numerous), number of testes (62 in number Vs 100-150) and size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 mm Vs 0.300).
- The Cotugnia diamarei Sp. Nov. differs from C.polyacontha Fuhrmann, 1909, in having size of scolex (0.59-0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 0.45), size of rostellum 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs 0.22), number of rostellar hooks (53-55 Vs 420), number of testes 62 Vs 100), size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 mm Vs 0.180) and reported from intestine of Gallus gallus domesticus Vs Columba livia.
- The present specimen differs from *C.cuneata* tenuis Meggitt, 1924 due to shape and size of scolex (oval, 0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs rounded, 0.26), rostellum (0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs rostellum rounded, 0.12) and reported from *Gallus gallus domesticus* Vs *Columba livia*
- The Cotugnia diamarei Sp. Nov. differs from C.joyeuxi Baer, 1925; by having Size of scolex (0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 0.67); size of rostellum (0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs 0.19); number of rosellar hooks (53-55 in number Vs 250); number of testes (62 Vs 30-50); size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 Vs 0.075).
- It differs from C. parva Baer, 1925, due to size of scolex (0.59-0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs. 0.49-0.68x 0.69-0.85 mm). Size of rostellum 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm where as 0.15); rostellar hooks (53-55 where as 378-396), Testes (62in number where as 32-41 in numbers), size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 Vs 0.196-0.106) and reported from Gallus gallus domesticus Vs Columba livia.
- The present form differs from *C.fleari* Meggitt, 1927, in having size of scolex (0.59-0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 0.45-0.58), testes (62 Vs 28-44), size of cirrus pouch 0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09mm Vs 0.29-0.31 mm and reported from *Gallus gallus domesticus* Vs *Columba livia*
- The Cotugnia diamarei Sp. Nov. differs from C.bhali Johri, 1934 due to size of scolex 0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 0.50, size of rostellum 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs

- 0.34, number of rostellar hooks 53-55 Vs 332; Testes 62 Vs 69-74 in number; size of cirrus pouch 0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 mm Vs 0.215-0.223.
- It differs from *C.intermedia* Johri, 1934 in having size of scolex (0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 0.44-0.525 mm), number of testes (62 Vs 69-74); size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09mm Vs 0.215-0.225).
- The present form differs from *C.noctua* Johri, 1934 by having size of scolex 0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 0.51, size of rostellum 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs 0.225, number of testes 62 Vs 170-182, size of cirrus pouch 0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09mm Vs 0.176-0.200.
- The present form differs from *C.taiwanensis* Yamaguti, 1935 due to size of scolex 0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 0.54-0.74 mm, The size of rostellum 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs 0.44, number of rostellar hooks (53-55 Vs 200), number of testes (62 Vs 12-13) and reported from *Gallus gallus domesticus* Vs *Columba livia*.
- The Cotugnia diamarei Sp. Nov. differs from C.rimandoi Tubangui et Masilungam, 1937 in number of rostellar hooks (53-55 against 300), number of testes (62 against 100-136) and described from Gallus gallus domesticus Vs Columba livia.
- The new form differs from *C.magna* Burt, 1940, in having size of scolex (0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm against 0.58-0.62); size of rostellum (0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm against 0.285-0.315), number of rostellar hooks (53-55 against 480-500); number of testes (62 against 150); size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 mm against 0.238-0.270) and reported from *Gallus gallus domesticus* Vs *Columba livia*.
- The present tapeworms differs from *C.aurangabaensis* Shinde 1969, in having shape and size of scolex (Oval, 0.59-0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs Broad, 0.483 mm) rostellum large, oval, placed in centre of scolex, 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm against flat, 0.300 mm, number of rostellar hooks (53-55 against 500), testes oval to rounded, 62 against small rounded, 80-90, cirrus pouch elongated, 0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 against slender, 1.30 x 1.040 mm in length and breadth, ovary bilobed against compact and reported from *Gallus gallus domesticus* Vs *Columba livia*.
- The *Cotugnia diamarei* Sp. Nov. differs from *C.columbae* Shinde, 1969, due to shape and size of scolex (oval, 0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs wide, 0.54-0.74 mm), size of rostellum (0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs 0.447), number of rostellar hooks (53-55 Vs 1200), number of testes (62 Vs 12-14), shape and size of cirrus pouch (elongated, 0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 Vs narrow, short, 0.3), vitelline gland (compact, large Vs absent) and reported from *Gallus gallus domesticus* Vs *Columba livia*.
- The present specimen differs from C.srivastavi Malviya and Dutta, 1970, in having size of scolex (0.59 -0.72 x

- 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 0.726), size of rostellum (0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs 0.446), number of testes (62 Vs 80-85) and reported from *Gallus gallus domesticus* Vs *Columba livia*.
- It differs from *C.magdoubii*, Magzoubi and Kasim, 1980, in having size of scolex (0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm) Vs (0.44-0.55); size of rostellum (0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs 0.25-0.44); size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 Vs 0.15-0.18) and reported from the intestine of *Gallus gallus domesticus* Vs *Columba livia*.
- The present form differs from *C.satpulensis* Malhotra and Capoor, 1983, in having size of scolex (0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 0.535), size of rostellum (0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs 0.230), number of rostellar hooks (53-55 Vs 337), number of testes (62 Vs 43-52), size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 mm Vs 0.190-0.283 mm) and reported from *Gallus gallus domesticus* Vs *Columba livia*.
- The *Cotugnia diamarei* Sp. Nov. differs from *C.yamagutii* Shinde *et al.*, 1985 in having shape and size of scolex oval, (0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 0.51-0.60 mm), rostellum large, oval, 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs rounded, 0.26-0.27, number of rostellar hooks (53-55 Vs 500), number of testes (62 Vs 190-200), size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 mm as against 0.005-0.132 x 0.044-0.0197 mm in length and breadth) and reported from *Gallus gallus domesticus* Vs *Columba livia*.
- The present worm differs from C.vishakhapatnamensis
 Kolluri 1988, by having size of scolex oval, 0.59 -0.72 x
 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 28-35 x 0.336-1.056.
- The present cestode differs from *C.rajivji* Jadhav *et al.*, 1994, in having shape and size of scolex (oval, 0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs oval, 0.62-1.006), size of rostellum (0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm) Vs (0.37-0.44 mm), number of rostellar hooks (53-55 Vs 350-400), number of testes (62 Vs 60-65), size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 mm Vs 0.280-0.282).
- The *Cotugnia diamarei* Sp. Nov. differs from *C.kamatensis* Kharade and Shinde, 1995, by having shape and size of scolex oval, (0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs squarish, 0.84-1.00x 0.917-1.099), shape and size of rostellum large, 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs small, 0.018x 0.152 mm, number of rostellar hooks (53-55 Vs 200-210); number of testes (62 Vs 95-105); shape and size of cirrus pouch medium, elongated, 0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 as against oval, cylindrical, 0.005-0.60 mm), vagina posterior to cirrus pouch against anterior to cirrus pouch.
- The present tapeworm differs from *C.chengmaii* C.Wangsawad *et al.*, 1998, by having size of scolex (0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 0.58x 0.738), size of rostellum 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs 0.194 x 0.249 mm, number of testes (62 Vs 30-35), size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x

- 0.03-0.09 Vs 0.32 x 0.043).
- The *Cotugnia diamarei* Sp. Nov. differs from *C.manishae* Shinde *et al.*, 1999, in having size of scolex 0.59-0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 0.485, size of rostellum 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs 0.22 x 0.227 mm, number of hooks (53-55 Vs 110-120), number of testes (62 Vs 85-90) size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09) Vs (0.083-0.121 x 0.030-0.038), vitelline gland compact, large Vs oval to triangular and collected from *Gallus gallus domesticus* Vs *Columba livia*.
- The present worm differs from *C.ganguae* Shinde *et al.*, 1999, in having size of scolex 0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 0.529 x 0.636, size of rostellum 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs 0.189 x 0.216 mm, number of rostellar hooks (53-55 Vs 275-300), number of testes (62 Vs 155-160), Size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09) mm Vs 0.260 mm in length and reported from *Gallus gallus domesticus* Vs *Corvus splendens*.
- The Cotugnia diamarei Sp. Nov. differs from C.mehdii Mahajan et al., 1999, due to size of scolex (0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 0.985 x 1.516), size of rostellum 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs 0.129 x 0.182 mm, number of hooks (53-55 Vs 110), number of testes (62 Vs 140-150); size of cirrus pouch 0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 Vs 0.530.
- The present tapeworm differs from *C.alii*, Shinde *et al.*, 2002, in having size of scolex 0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm as against 0.450-0.436 x 0.639-0.657, size of rostellum 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs 0.279x0.436-0.315 mm, number of rostellar hooks (53-55 as against 100-110), number of testes (62 as against 80-85), size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 as against 0.241-0.191 x 0.029-0.024) and reported from *Gallus gallus domesticus* Vs *Columba livia*.
- The *Cotugnia diamarei* Sp. Nov. differs from *C.sillodensis* Jadhav *et al.*,. 2003, in having size of scolex (0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 0.851-1.192 x 1.192-1.395), size of rostellum 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs 0.170 x 0.281); number of hooks (53-55 Vs 220-250), size of cirrus pouch 0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 Vs 0.067-0.092 x 0.035.
- The present worm differs from *C.singhi* Pawar S.B. *et al.*, 2004, by having size of scolex (0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 0.363 x 0.436-0.417), size of rostellum 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs 0.154 x 0.255-0.215 mm, number of rostellar hooks (53-55 Vs 200-210), number of testes (62 Vs 65-70), size of cirrus pouch 0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 Vs 0.229-0.159 x 0.033-0.024.
- The present worm differs from *C.lohaensis*, Jadhav *et al.*, 2004 by having size of scolex (0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 0.590-0.660 x 0.471-0.757), size of rostellum 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs 0.227 x 0.242 mm, number of hooks (53-55 Vs190-210), number of testes (62 Vs 28-30), size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09) Vs (0.086-0.097 x

- 0.004-0.009) and reported from *Gallus gallus domesticus* Vs *Columba livia*.
- The Cotugnia diamarei Sp. Nov. differs from C.shankari Tat and Jadhav, 2005, by having size of scolex (0.59-0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 0.947-1.000 x 0.955-1.175), size of rostellum 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs 0.049-0.092 x 0.182-0.213 mm, number of hooks(53-55 Vs 105-205), number of testes (62 Vs 27-40), size of cirrus pouch 0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 Vs 0.098-0.030 and reported from Gallus gallus domesticus Vs Columba livia.
- The present cestode differes from *C.liviae* Patil *et al.*, 2005, in having size of scolex 0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 0.369 x 0.359-0.437 mm, size of rostellum 0.21-0.25 x 0.39-0.46 mm Vs 0.175-0.0189 x 0.097-0.131 mm, number of hooks (53-55 Vs 250-270), number of testes 62 Vs 120-125(123) and size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 Vs 0.225 x 0.068) and reported from the intestine of *Gallus gallus domesticus* Vs *Columba livia*.
- It differs from *C. streptopelli* G.P. Jadhav *et al.*, 2009, by having size of scolex (0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm as against 8.04-5.36 x 9.82-5.36), number of testes (62 as against 27-30), size of ovary (0.12 x 0.37 Vs 5.36-4.46 x 5.34-4.46).
- The *Cotugnia diamarei* Sp.Nov. differes from the *Cotugnia hafezzi* Nanware *et al.*,2010 in having size of scolex 0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs quadrangular 1.245 x 1.086, number of rostellar hooks (53-55 Vs 55-60), number of testes (62 Vs 150-160), size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 Vs 0.23 x 0.11).
- The present form differes from Cotugnia indiana Kasar et al., 2010 in having size of scolex 0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs squarish, 0.58 x 0.54, number of rostellar hooks (53-55 Vs 100-120), number of testes (62 Vs 115-120), size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 Vs 0.189 x 0.0.079) and reported from Gallus gallus domesticus Vs Columba livia.
- The présent cestode differs from *C.indiana minor* Garad *et al.*, 2010 in having scolex 0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs squarish, rostellar hooks (53-55 Vs 400-415) in numbers, testes(62 Vs 70-75) in numbers.
- It differes from the Cotugnia tetragona Nanware et al.,2011 in having size of scolex 0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs tetragonal, large 0.927 x 0.773, number of Rostellar hooks (53-55 Vs 120-130), number of testes (62 Vs 60-70), size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 Vs 0.185 x 0.090) and reported from Gallus gallus domesticus Vs

Columba livia.

The Cotugnia diamarei Sp.Nov. differes from Cotugnia orientalis Nanware et al., 2011 in having size of scolex 0.59 -0.72 x 0.68-1.04 mm Vs 1.266 (1.102-1.431) x 0.927 (0.901-0.954), number of rostellar hooks (53-55 Vs 110-120), number of testes (62 Vs 45-50) and size of cirrus pouch (0.283-0.289 x 0.03-0.09 Vs 0.168 x 0.128).

Toxonomic summary:

Type species : Cotugnia diamarei sp.Nov. Host : Gallus gallus domesticus,

Linnaeus, 1758

Habitat : Intestine

Locality : Nanded (M.S.) India.

Prevalence : Eleven specimens collected

from five infected host out of

Eight examined.

Period of collection : March, 2011-May, 2011.

No. of Specimen : 11

Accession number : PGDZ/YMN/1-02/ March,

2012-May,2012

Deposition : Research and P.G. Department

of Zoology, Yeshwant Mahavidyalaya, Nanded.

Etymology : The species is named in

honour of Diamare for his valuable contributions made

in this field.

Conclusion:

From the above discussion it is clear that, the species under discussion is new to science and differs from known valid species of the genus *Cotugnia* in respect to taxonomic characteristics. On the basis of presence of above mentioned differences and variations the authors are convinced to place the present form in new species *viz.*, *Cotugnia diamarei* Sp.Nov. in honour of Diamare for his valuable contributions made in this field.

Acknowledgement:

The authors are indebted to Swami Ramanand Teerth Marathwada University, Nanded for sanctioning the Research Project No. APDS/UniMRP-III/2011-12/3039 Dated March 09/11, 2012 for financial assistance and Dr. N.V. Kalyankar, Principal, Yeshwant Mahavidyalaya, Nanded for their help, inspiration and providing necessary laboratory facilities.

LITERATURE CITED

Baer, J.C. (1924). Contributional fauna Helminthologiansub africanae Note Preliminaire. Ann. Par., 2: 239-247.

Baer, J.C. (1925). Quelegues cestode of seux nouveaux et pevv. Conus. Bull. Soc. Sci. Nat. Neuschatel, 49: 138-154.

Burt, D.R.R. (1940). New avian cestodes of family Davaineidae from Ceylon. Ceylon J. Sci., 22: 65-77.

- Diamare V. (1893). Note sur cestodi. Bull. Soc. Nature. Nepoli, 7: 9-13.
- Garad, V.B. and Nanware, Sanjay Shamrao (2010). On a new cestodes *Cotugnia indiana* sp.Nov. (Cestoda: Davaineidae) from *Columbia livia. The Biosphere.*, 2(2): 202-206.
- **Jadhav, G.P., Makne, H.D., Pawar, D.D. and Pawar, S.B. (2009).** A new species of genus *Cotugnia* Diamare, 1893 (Eucestoda: Davaineidae) from *Streptopelia decacto* Maharashtra, India. *Asian J. Ani. Sci.*, **4**(2): 209-212.
- Jadhav, B.V., Kadam, M.N., Bawane, V.S. and Nanware, S.S. (1994). A new cestodes *Cotugnia rajivji* sp. nov. from *Columba livia* at Hyderabad A.P. India. Abstract XIth National congress of parasitology, Mohanlal Sukhadia Uni. Udaipur (Feb) 22-24, 1994 Ab. No. PS 1.8 pp. 6-7
- **Jadhav, B.V., Khadap, R.M. and Thorat, B.S. (2004).** A new species of the genus *Cotugnia* (Diamare, 1893) from *Gallus domesticus* at Sillod, Dist. Aurangabad (M.S.) INDIA. *Indian J. Helminthol.*, **21**: 71-75.
- Jadhav, B.V. and Gore, G.D. (2004). A new species of genus *Cotugnia* (Diamare, 1813) from pigeon, *Columba livia* at Loha, *India. Nat. J. Life Sci.* 1(1): 181-182.
- Johri, L.N. (1934). Report on a collection of cestodes from Lucknow. Rect. Ind. Mus. 36: 135-177.
- Kasar, Chandrashekhar Rameshwar, Bhure, Dhanraj Balbhim, Nanware, Sanjay Shamrao and Sonune, M.B. (2010). Taxonomic observation of *Cotugnia indiana* sp. Nov. (cestoda: Davaineidae, Fuhrmann 1907) from *Columba livia. Asian J. Ani. Sci.*, **5**(2):193-198.
- Kharade, S.V. and Shinde, G.B. (1995). On a new species of *Cotugnia Diamare*, 1893 (Cestoda:Davaineidae) from *Gallus domesticus. Riv. Di Parasitol.*, 12(56) N-3 pp. 345-347.
- Kollura, R., Lakshmi, C.V. and Rao K.H. (1988). On genus *Cotugnia* includuding a new species from a domestic pegion. *Riv. Di Parasitologia*, 3(2): 189-194.
- Lopez-Neyra, C.R. (1950). Revision del genera *Cotugnia* Motivadier par et estudia deura especie Nueva Lolloda en La Lortola de granda. *Rev. Iber. Par.*, 70: 57-96.
- Magzoubi, M. Kasim, A.B. and Shawa, Y. (1980). Three new species (Cestode: Davaineidae) from the rock Pigeon *Columba livia domestica* with comments of infection. *J.G. Coll. Sci. University of Riyadh*, 11:119-127.
- Mahajan, P.A. (1999). On a new species of the genus *Cotugnia*, Diamare, 1893 (Cestoda: Davaineidae) as *C.mehdii* n.sp. from *Gallus domesticus* at Aurangabad. *Riv. Di. Parasitol.*, **16**:142-147.
- Malhotra, S.K. and Capoor, V.N. (1983). A new cestode *Cotugnia satpuliensis* sp.n. from *Columba livia domestica* and *Columba livia intermedia* from India. *Acta Parasitol. Polonica*, 28(28/52): 393-397.
- Malviys, H.C. and Dutt, S.C. (1970). Morphology and Life history of *Cotugnia srivasavi* n.sp. (Cestoda: Davaineidae) from domestic pigeon. In Srivastava commemoration volume (Singh, K.S. and Tondon, B.K.(Eds). *Indian veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar*, pp. 103-108.
- Meggitt, F.J. (1924). Tapeworms of Rangoon pigeon. Parasit., 16:303-312.
- Meggitt, F.J. (1927). A list of cestode collected in Rangun during the year 1923-1926. J. Burma Res. Sci., 16:200-210.
- Meggitt, F.J. (1927). Report on a colletion of the cestode mainly from Egypt. Fakily- Anoplocephalidae, Davaineidae. Parasit., 19: 334-327.
- Movsesyan, S.O. (1969). Revision of the genus *Cotugnia* Diamare 1893, (Cestode: Davaineidae) trudy Vses *Int. Gel. Mint.*, **15**: 195-217. In Russian, English Summar YPD 215.
- Pasquale (1890). (Cestoda: Davaineidae) Part V nervous system. Parasiten, 21: 101-112.
- Patil, A.S., Lakhe, A.D., Pawar, S.B. and Shinde, G.B. (2005). A new cestode *Cotugnia liviae* n.sp. (Eucestoda: Davaineidiae) Diamare, 1893 from *Columba livia* at Ambajogai, Maharashtra. *Uttar Pradesh J.Zool.*, **25** (2): 221-223.
- **Pawar, S.B., Shinde, G.B. and Garad V.B. (2004).** A new cestode *Cotugnia singhii* n.sp. (Eucestoda: Davaineidae) from *Columba livia* at Aurangabad, M.S. India. *Uttar Pradesh J. Zool.*, **24**(2):104-106.
- Nanware, Sanjay Shamrao, Dhondge, Ramesh Mohanrao and Bhure, Dhanraj Balbhim (2010). Cotugnia hafeezi sp.Nov. (Cestoda: Davaineidae, Fuhrmann 1907) from Gallus gallus domesticus. The Ecosphere, 1(1):118-124.
- Nanware, S.S., Dhondge, R.M. and Bhure, D.B. (2011). Biosystematic studies on *Cotugnia tetragona* sp.Nov. (Cestoda: Davaineidae) from *Columba livia. Recent Res. Sci. & Technol.*, 3(9): 8-12.

- Nanware, Sanjay Shamrao, Dhondge, Ramesh Mohanrao and Bhure, Dhanraj Balbhim (2011). Biosystematic studies on *Cotugnia orientalis* sp. Nov. (Cestoda: Davaineidae, Fuhrmann 1907) from *Gallus gallus domesticus*. The Bioscan An International Quarterly J. Life Sci., 6(1):71-75.
- Shinde, G.B. (1969). A known and two new species of the genus *Cotugnia*, Diamare, 1893, from the Columbiformes birds in Maharashtra, India. *Riv. Di. Parasit.*, 30 (1): 39-44 (Italian Summary 43-44).
- Shinde, G.B., Jadhav, B.V. and Kadam, S.S. (1985). Some avian cestodes from Maharashtra region. Riv. Di Porasit, 2(46): 141-152.
- Shinde, G.B., Kolpuke, M.N. and Begum, I.J. (1999). Cotugnia ganguae n.sp. (Cestoda: Davaineidae) from Corvus splendens Uttar Pradesh J. Zool., 19(2): 127-129.
- Shinde, G.B., Mahajan, P.A. and Begum, I.J. 1999. One new species of the genus *Cotugnia* Diamare 1893 (Cestoda: Davaineidae) as *C. manishae* n.sp. from *Columba livia* at Amravati (M.S.) INDIA. *Rivista Di Parasit.*, 35:182-187.
- Shinde, G.B., Pawar, S.B. and Garad, V.B. (2002). A new cestode *Cotugnia allii* n.sp. (Eucestoda: *Davainediae*) from *Columba livia* at Yermala (M.S.) India. *Uttar Pradesh J. of Zool.*, 22(1): 105-107.
- Spassky, A.A. (1984). The taxonomic composition of genus *Cotugnia* (Cestoda: Davaineidea) Izvestiga Akademii Naukmoldvskoi SSR *Biolegicheshikh I. Nauk* (1984) No. 6: 46-53.
- Tat, M.B. and Jadhav, B.V. (2005). New species of the genus Cotugnia (Diamare, 1893) from Columba livia. Nat. J. Life Sci., 2:251-254.
- Tubangay, M.A. and Masilungan, V.A. (1967). Tapeworm parasites of Phillippine birds. Phillippine J. Sci., 62: 409-438.
- Wardle, R.A., Mcleod, J.A. and Radinovsky, A. (1974). Advances in the Zoology of Tapeworms, 1950-1970. Publ. In U.K. and India by the Oxford University press. London and Delhi. pp. 1-274.
- Wongsawod, V. and Jadhav, B.V. (1998). A new tapeworm from *Gallus gallus domesticus* from Thailand. *Riv. di Parasitol.*, 15 (LIX-N-2, Agosto, 1998).
- Yamaguti, S. (1959). Systema Helminthum. The Cestodes of Vertebrates. Interscience Publishers, INC. NEW YORK. 2:860.