Diatoms: the diamonds of aquatic life

■ S.G. YADAV, R.M. KADAM AND S.K. AWAD

SUMMARY

Biodiversity of diatoms from different aquatic habitats were studied extensively in India by several workers but very few workers have paid attention on biodiversity of diatoms from the Marathwada region. To full fill this lacuna, the present investigation was carried out by selecting various habitats from the Beed district of Marathwada region during January 2007 to December 2007. In the present study the author came across a total of 47 species under 16 genera belonged to Bacillariophyceae.

Key Words: Biodiversity, Diatoms, Beed district

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India has a very rich and diversified algal flora. In the present century great advances have been made in the investigation of fresh water algae, marine algae, soil algae and atmospheric micro algae and particular attention has been paid to their taxonomy, ecology and applied aspects. In Marathwada region excepts few reports, very rare attention has been paid towards the diatoms although the climatic conditions are most suitable to grow algae luxuriently and in diverse form, therefore, to contribute this knowledge present work was carried out. Beed district is located on Deccan plateau at 16.65° N – 74.13° E. The average temperature ranges between 31°C to 40°C and average rainfall is 666 mm.

MATERIAL AND METHODS

Diatoms are nothing but the diamonds of aquatic life. Every sample of water or soil contains many diatoms. The algal samples were collected at monthly intervals from January to December 2007. The collections were made in acid washed

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collection bottles. The samples were preserved in 4 per cent formalin added with 5 per cent glycerine. The collections were made from different habitats like pools, ponds, streams, streamlets, cisterns, rivers, polluted water passages, dams, talaos, moist soil etc. The identifications are mostly based on monographs and revelent research paper (Hustedt, 1930; Cleve-Euler, 1955; Cholonky, 1956; Gandhi, 1955; 1957; 1959; 1960; Gonzalves, 1947; Sarode and Kamat, 1979; 1980; 1984).

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

In present investigation 47 species under 16 genera of diatoms were encountered (Table 1). Among the recorded 16 genera *Navicula* was dominantly occured and followed by *Pinnularia, Cymbela, Gomphonema, Cyclotella* and *Nitzschia, Synedra, Neidium Caloneis* and *Surirella* are the genera were recorded with its single species. Seasonal variation study reveals that maximum number of diatoms were encountered during summer months. The results are in agreement with those reported by Mahajan and Nandan (2006) and Takekar (2009). This is the first and preliminary survey of diatoms from the Beed district of Marathwada region of Maharashtra State, which is helpful to know the knowledge of diatoms from this area.

List of diatoms encountered from Beed district:

- -Cyclotella catenata Brun.
- -Cyclotella meneghiniana Kuetz.
- -Cyclotella meneghiniana Kuetz. f. binotata Grun.
- -Cyclotella striata (Kuetz) Grun.

- -Fragilaria intermedia Grun.
- -Fragilaria ungeriana Grun.
- Synedra ulna (Nitz.) Ehr.
- Eunotia arcus Ehr.
- Eunotia arcus Ehr. V. *uncinata* Grun.
- -Achnan thes breviceps Agardh.
- -Achnanthes breviceps Agardh v. intermedia (Kuetz.) Cleve.
- Gyrosigma attenuatum (Kuetz.) Rabh.
- Gyrosigma distortum (W. Smith) Cleve.
- Gyrosigma Kuetzingji (Grun.) Cleve.
- -Pleurosigma elongatum W. Smith.
- *Pleurosigma elongatum* W. Smith v. *karianum* (Grun) Cleve.
- Pleurosigma salinarum Grun.
- Caloneis permagna (Bail) Cleve.
- *Neidium amphigomphous* (Ehr.) Cleve.
- -Anomoeonsis lanceolata Gandhi.
- Anomoeonesis sculpta (Ehr.) Cleve.
- Anomoeonesis sphaerophora (Kuetz.) Pfitzer.
- -Navicula avenacea Breb.
- Navicula cincta (Ehr.) Kuetz.
- -Navicula cuspidata Kuetz.
- -Navicula cryptocephala Kuetz.
- Navicula pusilla W. Smith.
- -Navicula salinarum Grun.
- Pinnularia aestuarii Cleve.
- Pinnularia aestuarii Cleve v. interrupta (Husdtdt) A. Cl.
- Pinnularia dolosa Gandhi.
- -Pinnularia lundii Hustedt.
- Cymbella bengalensis Grun.
- Cymbella radiosa Reichelt.
- Cymbella turgida (Greg.) Cleve.
- Cymbella turgidula Grun.
- Cymbella ventricosa Kuetz.
- Gomphonema gracile Ehr.
- $-{\it Gomphonema\ lance olatum\ Ehr}.$
- Gomphonema moniliforme Gandhi.
- Gomphonema parvulum (Kuetz.) Grun.
- Gomphonema subventricosa Hustedt.
- -Nitzschia apicalata (Gerg.) Grun.
- -Nitzschia closterium W. Smith.
- Nitzschia obtuse W. Smith.
- -Nitzschia panctata (W. Smith) Grun
- Surirella subsalsa W. Smith.

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