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RESEARCH PAPER

Economics of production of capsicum in Akola district

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ABSTRACT

Chilli (*Capscicum annuum* L.) is most widely used and universal spice of India. The study was conducted in Akola district in greenhouse and open condition. Total 120 farmers were selected randomly as sample size. Economic analysis of data indicated that cost C at overall level was found to Rs. 1,25,260. Net returns over cost C was Rs. 2,73,388 and input-output ratio at cost C was 3.11.

KEY WORDS: Spice, Chilli, Cost of cultivation, Economics of production

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apsicum (*Capsicum annuum* L. var. grossumsendt) is also called as bell pepper or sweet pepper and is one of the most popular and highly remunerative annual herbaceous vegetable crop. India contributes one fourth of world production of capsicum with an average annual production of 0.9 million tons from an area of 0.885 million hectare with a productivity of 1266 kg per hectare. The Capsicum generally seen in India and Maharashtra under open condition through the same can be cultivated under green house condition for boosting productivity. In Maharashtra it is cultivated in Pune, Thane, Sangli, Kolhapur districts and some other few districts. It is likely to increase in the future because of heavy demand. In Vidarbha, Capsicum is grown in neglected areas. It is one of the important cash crops grown under open condition and green house condition.

Objectives:

To estimate cost of cultivation of capsicum

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To estimate profitability of capsicum.

METHODOLOGY

The study was undertaken purposively in Akola district because the highest area under capsicum in Akola district. Major share in arrival of capsicum in Akola vegetable market is from Patur, Barshitakli taluka and these are selected for study.

Method of collection of data:

The data was collected by survey method with the help of special design questionnaire.

Analysis of data:

Simple tabular analysis was done in respect of all objectives taken:

Tal	ble A: Dist	ribution of the	cultivation	ns	
Sr.	Land	Green house condition	•	Open condition	
No.	holding	Drip	Drip	Traditional	
140.	nolung	irrigation	irrigation	(furrow) irrigation	Over all
		system	system	system	
1.	Small	0	5	20	25
2.	Medium	5	15	20	40
3.	Large	25	15	15	55
4.	Total	30	35	5	120

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able c.	I : Fer na. cost of	Green house condition of capsicum c.	dition			орег с	Oper condition			2
Ž	Particular	Drip irrigation system	vstem			Traditional (furrow	Traditional (furiow) irrigation system			Overall
INO.		Medium	Large	Small	Medium	Large	Small	Medium	Large	
-1	Cost'A'	63362.56	70259	55263	59513	64755	54453	58093	62620.23	61037
		(46.32)	(47.1)	(48.60)	(48.75)	(49.62)	(49.96)	(49.73)	(50.47)	(48.72)
5.	Cost'B'	134987.56	147416	111683	120093	128598	106986	114865	122170.23	123350
		(89.86)	(98.82)	(98.23)	(98.37)	(98.57)	(98.15)	(98.33)	(98.47)	(98.48)
'n	Cost.C.	136787.56	149172	113690	122080	130468	109004	116810	124066.23	125260
		(100)	(100)	(100)	(100)	(100)	(100)	(100)	(100)	(100)

Table	Table 2: Profitability and incomes of capsicum	um								
c.	2 40 1500	Green house condition	e condition			Open condition	ndition			Exc. 20
Z Z	Particular	Drip irrigat	ion system	Dii	Drip irrigation system	m	Traditional	Traditional (furrow) irrigation system	on system	Overall
70.7		Medium	Large	Small	Medium	Large	Small	Medium	Large	
Γ.	Production per ha (qtl.)	406.25	410.31	246.40	265.00	28125	170.31	165.00	188.50	263.30
2.	Gross income per ha (Rs.)	650000.00	65650000	357280.00	384250.00	407813.00	238438.00	231100.00	263900.00	389392.00
3.	Per ha cost of cultivation at									
	Cost 'A'	63363.00	70259.00	55263.00	59513.00	64735.00	54455.00	58093.00	6262024	61037.00
	Cest 'B	134988.00	147416.00	111683.00	120093.00	128598.00	106985.00	114865.00	122176.24	123350.00
	Cust 'C'	135788.00	149172 00	113690.00	122080.00	130468.00	169004.00	116810.00	124066.24	125260.00
4	Per ha net return at									
	Cost 'A'	586637.00	58624100	302017.00	324737.00	343077.00	183984.00	172907.00	6262027	337610.00
	Cost 'B	515012.00	505084.00	245597.00	264157.00	279215.00	131451.00	116135.00	141729.77	275298.00
	Cost 'C'	513212.00	50732800	243590.00	262170.00	277345.00	129433.00	114190.00	139833.77	273388.00
5.	Gross return per qtl.	1500.00	1600.00	1450.00	1450.00	1450.00	1400.00	1400.00	1400.90	1468.80
9	Cost of production per quintal (Rs.)	336.71	363.56	461.40	460.68	46388	640.03	707.94	658.18	511.55
7.	Net return per qtl.	1263.30	1236.40	09.886	989.32	98612	759.97	692.06	741.82	957.20
∞	Input output ratio at									
	Cost 'A'	10.26	9.34	6.47	6.46	6.30	4.38	3.98	4.21	6.42
	Cost 'B	4.82	4.45	3.20	3.20	3.17	2.23	2.01	2.16	3.15
	Cost 'C'	4.75	4.40	3.14	3.15	3.19	2.19	1.98	2.13	3.11

Cost concept:

- Cost A: It included the expenditure on seed manures and fertilizers hired human labour, bullock labour, land revenues, irrigation charges, machinery charges, interest on working capital and depreciation on farm implements.
- Cost B cost A + rental value of owned land + interest on owned fixed capital (excluding land).
- Cost cost B + i mputed value of family labour.

Profitability:

B:C Ratio:- Gross returns/Cost C

ANALYSIS AND DISCUSSION

The per ha. cost of cultivation of capsicum calculated and presented in Table 1.

From the above results, it is observed that cost A, B and C per hectare from capsicum cultivation were positively correlated with size of holding different conditions like green house condition and open condition and different irrigation systems.

The per ha. profitability and incomes of capsicum calculated and presented in Table 2.

It is noted from the table that, the per hectare total yield obtained from capsicum 263 qtls. at the overall level. The gross income received from capsicum was 389392.00 at the overall. The per hectare net profit was Rs. 273388.00 at the overall level.

The B:C ratio which indicates the profitability of investment was observed to be 3.11 at the overall level. At the cost C the B:C ratio was greater than unity indicating that the cultivation of capsicum was profitable when both direct and indirect costs were taken into account. Similar work related to the present investigation was also carried out by

Conclusion:

- Per hectare cost of cultivation was highest in crop grown in greenhouse cultivation followed by open condition under drip irrigation system and lower in traditional irrigation system. Whereas, per quintal cost of production was highest in open condition under traditional irrigation system in medium size group.
- Capsicum cultivation under green house condition was estimated more gross income than open condition
- Comparatively healthier and bigger size of fruits was obtained from green house condition under drip irrigation system and hence, it received better market

- price than the open condition under drip and traditional irrigation systems.
- Gross return and net return on the basis of cost C is highest in green house condition under drip irrigation system followed by open condition under drip irrigation system and traditional (furrow) irrigation system.
- Input out ratio was found to be highest in green house condition under drip irrigation system in almost all size of holding of holding as compared to open condition under drip and traditional (furrow) irrigation systems.

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